

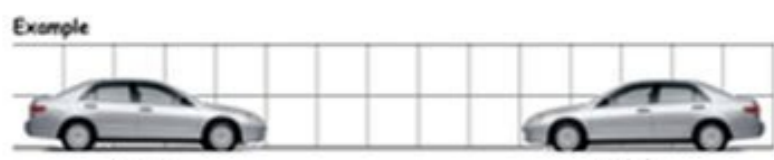
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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Class \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

**Momentum Calculations of a 2 car collision**

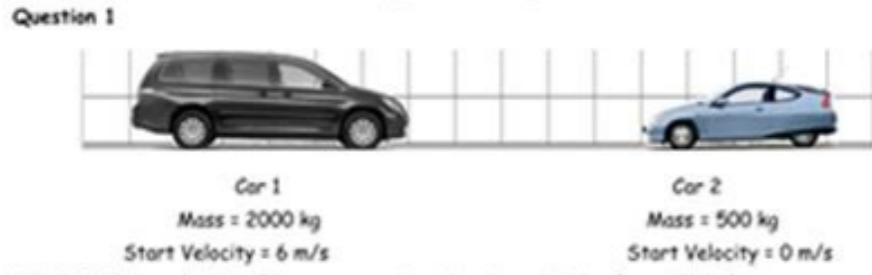
**Aims**  
 In this exercise you will calculate the momentum (pmv) of the 2 cars before collision and their momentum after the collision to allow you to find out the velocities after collision or the mass of the car.



Car 1 has a mass of 1000kg and a starting velocity of 10m/s. Car 2 has a mass of 1000kg and a starting velocity of 0m/s. The 2 cars move together immediately after collision.

**Calculate their velocity.**

Momentum of car 1 before collision:  $1000\text{kg} \times 10\text{m/s} = 10000\text{kg m/s}$   
 Momentum of car 2 before collision:  $1000\text{kg} \times 0\text{m/s} = 0\text{kg m/s}$   
 Let v represent velocity of the cars after collision.  
 Momentum of car 1 after collision:  $1000\text{kg} \times v$   
 Momentum of car 2 after collision:  $1000\text{kg} \times v$   
 $1000 \times v + 1000 \times v = 10000 + 0$ ;  $2000\text{kg} \times v = 10000\text{kg m/s}$   
 $10000\text{kg m/s} \div 2000\text{kg} = 5\text{m/s} = v$



**Calculate their velocity.** (The cars move together immediately after collision)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Worksheet: Power and Ohm's Law** Name \_\_\_\_\_

1. State Ohm's Law: \_\_\_\_\_
  2. Give the units for: V \_\_\_\_\_; I \_\_\_\_\_; R \_\_\_\_\_
  3. Re-state these units, using J, s, and/or  $\Omega$ : V \_\_\_\_\_; I \_\_\_\_\_
  4. State the electric power formula: \_\_\_\_\_
  5. Give the unit: P \_\_\_\_\_; Re-state, using J, s, and/or  $\Omega$ : P \_\_\_\_\_
  6. Another formula for calculating power is:  $P = \frac{E}{t}$   
 Rearrange the formula to solve for energy:  $E = \dots$
  7. The kilowatt hour (kWh) is a unit for \_\_\_\_\_ which Power Companies sell to their customers. Why doesn't the power company use the MKS unit, watt second instead?  
 \_\_\_\_\_
- For these problems, show the formula used. Do your work on the back.*
8. What is the resistance of an electric frying pan that draws 11 amps when connected to a 110 v circuit?  
 What is the power of the frying pan?
  9. If a 120 v line to a socket is limited to 15 a by a fuse, will it operate a 1200 w dryer without blowing the fuse?
  10. If the power company charges us 8 cents/ kWh for electricity, what does it cost to operate the 1200 W hair dryer for 15 minutes?
  11. If the power company sells electrical energy at 11 cents/kWh, how much does it cost to run a 100. W radio for 3.0 hours?
  12. What is the resistance of a 150 W light bulb running on a 120 V circuit?

**Do At Home:** List the power rating on 5 electrical appliances in your home.

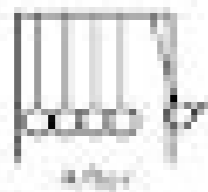
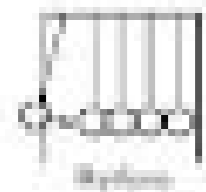
Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
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## Types of Collisions/ Impulse Graphs

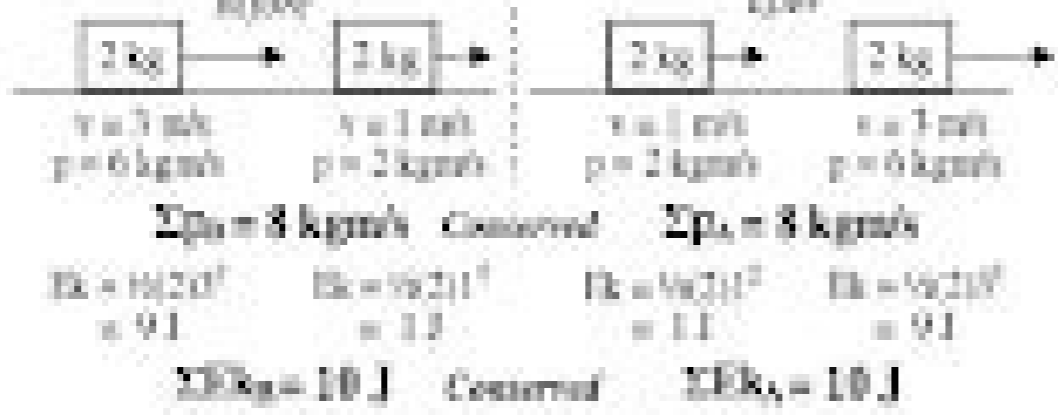
There are different types of collisions. Sometimes energy is lost. Sometimes the objects stick together. But, in all collisions, momentum is conserved.

### Elastic

Just as the word "elastic" implies, in elastic collisions objects collide, stay separate (bounce off), and all of the kinetic energy is conserved ( $\Sigma K_{\text{before}} = \Sigma K_{\text{after}}$ )



Newton's cradle is an obvious example of an elastic collision. You can tell that kinetic energy is conserved because both the left and right ball rise to the same height.



### Inelastic

In inelastic collisions the two objects collide, stay separate, but kinetic energy is not conserved.

Where does the energy go? From the Law of Conservation of Energy, you know that energy cannot be lost. Instead it is turned into sound, or cracks, damaged objects, or heat.



The damage to the cars proves that  $K_E$  is not conserved.

### Perfectly Inelastic

In perfectly inelastic collisions the two objects collide and stick together.

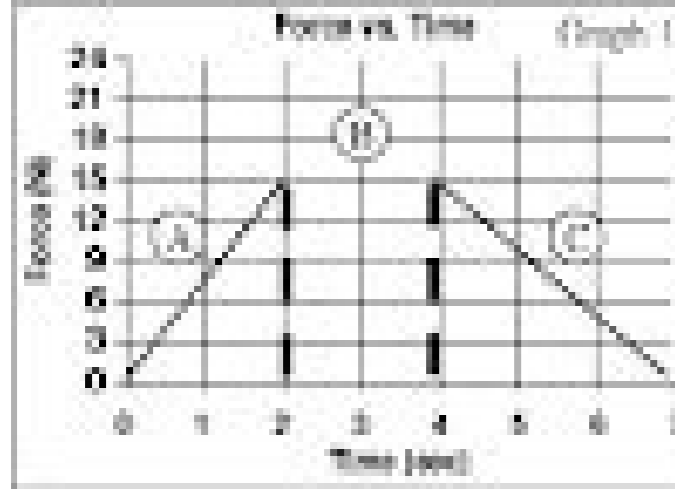


A football player catching a ball, a person jumping into a boat, or a bullet shot into a target all are perfectly inelastic, since two objects become one.

Type of collision	Momentum	Kinetic Energy	Objects Combine?
Elastic	Conserved	Conserved ( $\Sigma K_B = \Sigma K_{AB}$ )	No
Inelastic	Conserved	Not conserved	No
Perfectly Inelastic	Conserved	Not conserved	Yes

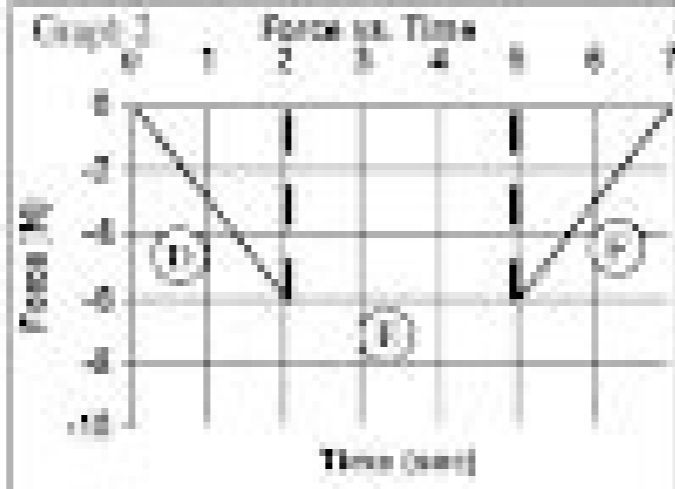
### Impulse Graphs

Impulse graphs show the force applied to an object over time. Do not mistake the shape of an impulse to mean the direction the object is moving, because it shows force, not distance.



Graph 1 shows a positive impulse: all forces are positive. The acceleration is positive everywhere, less, but decreasing along line C.

Graph 2 shows a negative impulse. All forces are negative, so the acceleration is negative everywhere. Along line F, the force is still negative, but just less so.



Area A (triangle) =  $\frac{1}{2}(\text{base})(\text{height}) = \frac{1}{2}(2)(15) = 15 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Area B (rectangle) =  $(\text{base})(\text{height}) = (2)(15) = 30 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Area C (triangle) =  $\frac{1}{2}(3)(15) = 22.5 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Total Area =  $15 + 30 + 22.5 = 67.5 \text{ kgm/s}$   
**Impulse Graph 1 = 67.5 kgm/s**

**Area = Impulse**  
 $I = Ft$ , but on these graphs  $F$  is not constant, so you must find the area of the graph. If the force is below the graph, then the area is negative. Negative area = negative impulse.

Area D (triangle) =  $\frac{1}{2}(2)(-6) = -6 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Area E (rectangle) =  $(2)(-6) = -12 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Area F (triangle) =  $\frac{1}{2}(2)(-6) = -6 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 Total Area =  $-6 - 12 - 6 = -30 \text{ kgm/s}$   
**Impulse Graph 2 = -30 kgm/s**  
 $\Delta p = -30 \text{ kgm/s}$   
 The object experiences a negative  $\Delta p$ .

Physics 11e (2014) 8.1. Perfectly inelastic collisions

1. A 2 kg ball moving at 3 m/s to the right collides with a 1 kg ball moving at 1 m/s to the right. The two balls stick together and move together after the collision. Find the final velocity of the balls.

2. A 4 kg ball moving at 2 m/s to the right collides with a 3 kg ball moving at 1 m/s to the right. The balls stick together and move together after the collision. Find the final velocity of the balls.

3. A 2 kg ball moving at 3 m/s to the right collides with a 1 kg ball moving at 1 m/s to the right. The balls stick together and move together after the collision. Find the final velocity of the balls.

4. A 2 kg ball moving at 3 m/s to the right collides with a 1 kg ball moving at 1 m/s to the right. The balls stick together and move together after the collision. Find the final velocity of the balls.

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